Societies of the Americas







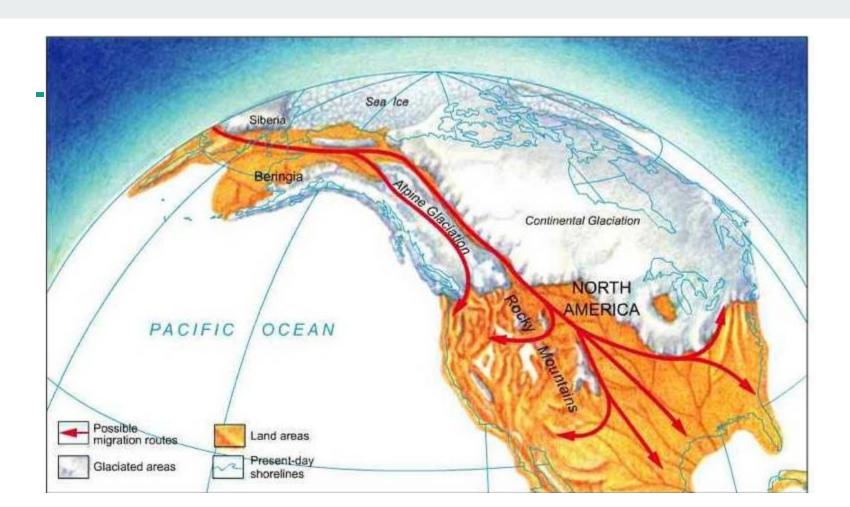
Who were the first people in America?

- The first Americans were men and women from **Asia**

- They <u>migrated</u>, or moved, eastward between 15,000-35,000 years ago by crossing a <u>land bridge</u> between Siberia and Alaska

- Likely made journey in search of **food** and **shelter**





SOCIETIES

- As the first Americans spread throughout the continent, groups began
 to split from one another and would form <u>societies</u>.
- Societies are groups of people with common interests, customs, and ways of life.
- <u>Three types of societies</u> began to develop throughout North, Central, and South America

<u>Sedentary Society</u> - created <u>permanent towns or villages</u>. <u>Densely populated</u>, streets, farms, markets, hundreds of dwellings

<u>Semisedentary Society</u> - <u>Built towns or villages</u>, <u>migrated every few years</u> in search of animals and new land for farming

Nonsedentary Society - No permanent villages or towns created, small populations, could <u>easily</u> move in search of large game, fish, and edible plants



The Rise of Civilizations

<u>Civilization</u> - complex <u>society in which people share characteristics such as language, religion, art, dress, and political structure</u>

<u>Mesoamerica</u> - <u>Where the first great American civilization emerged</u>, stretching from modern day

Mexico to Nicaragua

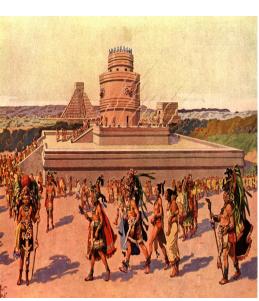


The Mayans

- A.D. 250-900
- Large cities
- Giant temples
- Shrines
- Marketplaces
- Ball courts for games
- Complex civilization
- Collapsed prior to Europeans









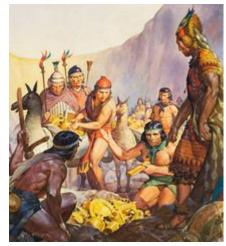
The Incas

- Modern day Peru
- <u>Single government</u> (new set of laws)
- Vast civilization (10 million people)

- Made many <u>scientific advancements</u> including calendar, clock, system of paved roads that ran the

length of the pacific coast of S. America







The Aztecs

- Modern day <u>Mexico</u>
- Capital was called **Tenochtitlan**
- City was built on logs and mud
- Over 140,000 people
- United many small communities under a <u>single government</u>
- Used <u>warfare and military alliances</u> to control neighbors
- Enforced new laws, collected taxes, and demanded a share of crops and labor



North American Natives

<u>Inuit</u>

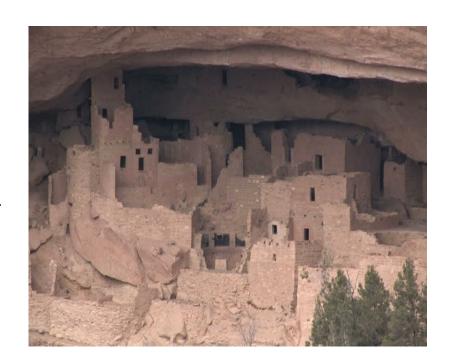
- <u>Alaska</u>
- Built <u>homes made of ice</u>
- Hunted whales, seals, and walrus
- Used **skins for clothing**



Continued...

<u>Pueblo</u>

- Arizona and New Mexico
- Mud-brick houses under steep cliffs
- <u>Provided shade and protection from enemies</u>



Iroquois and Algonquin





- Lived in **northeast**, between Great Lakes and the Atlantic Ocean
- Used <u>slash and burn</u> techniques to build homes (<u>chopped down trees and burned land</u> <u>to clear area</u>)
- Worshipped many gods whom they believed controlled the sun, moon, sky, crops, rivers, and animals